Applicant: Rembe et al. **Application No.:** 10/766,463

IN THE CLAIMS

This listing of claims will replace all prior versions, and listings, of claims in the application:

- 1. (Canceled)
- 2. (Currently amended) Optical assembly according to Claim [[1]] 5, wherein the field lenses (1, 2) and the imaging lens system (4) are dimensioned and arranged so that individual rays of the beam from each image point of the first object image (7) emerge from the second object image (8) imaged above the upper field lens (2) at the same angles as from the first object image (7).
- 3. (Currently amended) Optical assembly according to Claim [[1]] 5, wherein the beam splitter (5) is dimensioned and arranged so that the light pulses of the stroboscope lamp (6) are coupled in the incident beam path of the microscope according to the rules of Köhler illumination.

4. (Canceled)

5. (Currently amended) Optical assembly according to Claim 4, wherein the stroboscope lamp (6) is to be mounted on a microscope for measuring periodic movements of a microstructure, comprising:

a lower field lens (1) and an upper field lens (2);

an imaging lens system (4) arranged between the two field lenses (1, 2) in a beam path (3) thereof;

<u>a stroboscope lamp (6) including</u> an LED with an aperture angle θ and with a

Applicant: Rembe et al. **Application No.:** 10/766,463

phosphor surface having a diameter d, which satisfies the relation: $d^* \theta < 0.5$, wherein d is in mm and θ is in rad;

a beam splitter (5) arranged between the two field lenses (1, 2) for coupling light pulses of the stroboscope lamp (6) into the beam path (3);

wherein the optical assembly in the region of the lower field lens (1) is adapted to be mounted on a camera mount of the microscope; and

wherein the field lenses (1, 2) and the imaging lens system (4) are dimensioned and arranged so that the first object image (7) at the camera mount of the microscope is imaged from below the lower field lens (1) to above the upper field lens (2) onto a second object image (8); and

wherein the optical assembly in the region of the upper field lens (2) is configured for mounting a camera (12) or the like to the camera mount of the microscope.

- 6. (Original) Optical assembly according to Claim 5, wherein the LED has an optical output of more than 10 mW.
- 7. (Currently amended) Optical assembly according to Claim [[1]] <u>5</u>, wherein the imaging lens system (4) is configured for aberration-free imaging.
- 8. (Currently amended) Optical assembly according to Claim [[1]] 5, wherein the field lenses (1, 2) of the imaging lens system (4) are dimensioned and arranged so that the first object image (7) is imaged on the second object image (8) without vignetting.
 - 9. (Currently amended) Modular system for measuring periodic movements of

Applicant: Rembe et al. **Application No.:** 10/766,463

a microstructure, comprising:
a microscope, which is provided with a standardized camera mount[[,]];
a stroboscope lamp (6),
an optical assembly according to Claim 1, comprising:
a lower field lens (1) and an upper field lens (2);
an imaging lens system (4) arranged between the two field lenses (1, 2)
in a beam path (3) thereof;
a stroboscope lamp (6) including an LED with an aperture angle θ and
with a phosphor surface having a diameter d, which satisfies the relation: d* θ <
0.5, wherein d is in mm and θ is in rad;
a beam splitter (5) arranged between the two field lenses (1, 2) for
coupling light pulses of the stroboscope lamp (6) into the beam path (3);
wherein the optical assembly in the region of the lower field lens (1) is
mounted on the camera mount of the microscope; and
wherein the field lens (1, 2) and the imaging lens system (4) are
dimensioned and arranged so that the first object image (7) at the camera mount of
the microscope is imaged from below the lower field lens (1) to above the upper field
lens (2) onto a second object image (8); and
a scanning vibrometer (13) mounted on the camera mount of the microscope
or on the optical assembly[[,]];
and with wherein an electronic camera (12) is mounted on the camera mount
of the microscope, on the optical assembly, or on the scanning vibrometer (13).